

Recognized Authority on  
Connellsville Coke Trade.

# Weekly The Courier.

Circulates Wherever Coke  
is Manufactured or Used.

VOL. 37, NO. 9.

CONNELLSVILLE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 10, 1914.

EIGHT PAGES.

## Prices and Prospects.

**COKE PRICES  
ARE NOMINAL;  
NO BUSINESS**

**One Ohio Furnace Going in  
But its Requirements  
are Covered.**

**DECREASED COKE CONSUMPTION**

**Seems Inevitable Owing to the Slowing  
Down of Iron and Steel Trades.  
Two Reasons Why Connellsville  
Coke Prices Will be Maintained,**

**Special to The Weekly Courier.**

PIOTSDURG, Sept. 9.—No fresh transactions in contract furnace coke have been reported in the past week, and practically no business of this sort is in sight. With single exception, no furnaces are likely to go out of blast in the near future, and the furnaces in operation are well covered by contracts, usually for the balance of the year. In a few instances only are the contracts to October 1 or November 1, in accordance to the statement that no furnaces are scheduled to go into blast is Cherry Valley, at Lexington, O., operated by M. A. Hanna & Co. This start will likely go into blast about the end of the week. It was scheduled to blow in last week, but there were delays in getting ready. The furnace is already provided with coke.

It is rumored that there have been a few sales of small lots of spot furnace coke in the past week at cut prices, but details cannot be secured. In general the market is reported as stagnant and nominally unchanged, with respect to the future course of the American steel trade.

It is rumored that there have been some offerings of coke at less than \$1.40, but it is believed these was something wrong with the quality. Foundries are taking moderate deliveries on contracts for foundry coke, but in general their consumption is less than was anticipated when the contracts were made. There is hardly any demand for prompt furnace coke.

The general trend of the trade seems to be towards decreased coke consumption, as the iron industry is clearly slowing down on account of the war. Production of finished steel by the steel mills is probably about 10% less than 30 days ago, and thus far there has been no material decrease in blast furnace operations by the steel mills. Such reductions in blast furnace coke, however, if as expected the demand for finished steel continues to decline.

The coke market is not quadratically changed, but the old quotations have become largely nominal as they have not been seriously tested at least with new business, and prices may therefore be set down as follows:

### FOREIGN ORDERS

Booked by the United States Steel Corporation

With the shipping situation clearing up in a manner very satisfactory to vessel owners and shippers, the heavy export demand for American steel products is beginning to be transformed into actual orders. The United States Steel Corporation has booked a number of good sized orders for shipment abroad, some of them at very favorable prices, and its boats are beginning to move. It is completing details for purchase of 10 of its boats owned outright under the American flag.

Some of the business taken is for South America, where the corporation has been sending three ships, one to Brazil, one to the River Plate, and one to the west coast. It has also made some important sales of steel rods and other semi-finished and finished materials to Great Britain and other European countries.

One sale of 1,000 tons of wire rods to England was closed at higher than domestic prices. Negotiations are now under way to transfer to this country a large tonnage of rods, for South America, which Germany is unable to ship.

The corporation has taken an order for 2,000 plates for an Australian water line upon which it competed and lost to Germany several months ago. It now regards the business at a price of \$1.75 for furnace coke means loss for the coal than could be obtained in the coal market if there were any demand.

The pig iron market has been stagnant the past week. There have been no purchases in the local market of any consequence, and inquiry is very light. Prices, however, seem to be very well maintained and it is insisted that sellers would not budge from previous quotations, so that the market stands as follows: Western, \$1.40; basic, \$1.00; No. 2, \$1.25; and medium, \$1.20, to \$1.25; flat furnace, \$2.50, to \$2.75; all in Valley furnace, 50 cents less delivered Pittsburgh. Consumption of merchant iron seems to be decreasing slightly and consumers are hardly taking full shipments against contracts already made.

### MINE PROSECUTIONS.

Inspector Williams Active in the Sixth District.

Thomas D. Williams, mine inspector of the Sixth bituminous district, recently caused the arrest of a superintendent who failed to provide two separate passageways from the outer station under his charge, as provided by law.

He has also brought action against two men who neglected to provide sufficient 10-foot intervals along the building stairs, and is also prosecuting two miners who are accused of substituting open lights for the safety lamps supplied to them by the company.

Mr. Williams was formerly located in Connellsville as Inspector of the Sixth district.

**CHURCH FURNACE GOING IN.**

The Twinkdale furnace of W. H. Carr & Co., Ebensburg, W. Va., will be blown in early in September. The furnaces will run on the coal iron and is designed to produce about six tons a day.

### IRON AND STEEL TRADES ARE VERY UNSATISFACTORY

**Domestic Business Growing Less and  
No Large Exports in Sight.**

**Special to The Weekly Courier.**

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—The American Metal Market and Daily Iron & Steel Report will review the steel and iron situation tomorrow as follows:

The domestic business in steel products has been growing steadily less since the war broke out and with the exception of the munitions, which is now extremely active, all business involving new building has come to a standstill, this including new bridges and buildings and practically all car and locomotive parts. In products which are consumed currently, as wire products, sheets, merchant bars, steel pipe, etc., business is fair, but by no means good, except that the sheet mills are still almost to capacity for a few weeks.

There has been no larger resumption of steel exports, even though export business just before the war was over two-thirds of the total, and we are very near. Predictions made in optimistic quarters that we shall soon have a very large steel export trade are therefore necessarily to be accepted with much reserve, particularly when all observers are unified in declaring that for present conditions there are no precedents and predictions are therefore particularly hazardous.

Of inquiry from England for unfinished steel there has been possibly a slight increase, but it is readily recognized that such business would not prove of permanent value in the circumstances. It is very generally recognized that it was the desire for expansion of the steel industry in the direction of more finished and trade with South America and other neutral markets, and for the development of such business, the prospects are as yet very indefinite. Imports for 10,000, 25,000 or 50,000 tons of unfinished steel from England mean practically nothing with respect to shaping the future course of the American steel trade.

It is rumored that there have been a few sales of small lots of spot furnace coke in the past week at cut prices, but details cannot be secured. In general the market is reported as stagnant and nominally unchanged, with respect to the future course of the American steel trade.

A candid statement is that the condition of the iron and steel trade is not encouraging and the sooner the situation is faced squarely the sooner proper steps can be taken to make the best of it. Predictions will not pay furnaces and mills to consume and pay for their products.

### CURTAIN OUTPUT TO MARKET

Even the Few Furnaces that Blow in May Not Use Connellsville Coke and the Market is Still Stagnant.

Blundhams Market Still Low.

The iron trade is as yet not yet coming to Connellsville men have no orders from England and the British steel producers according to the Cleveland Daily Iron Trade, which

Connellsville coke production is keeping down the rate of their output as expected and from present indications further curtailment is slight though it is likely will take place in view of the present slackness in demand. Further, while several stocks are blowing out, steel coke has been resuming. And although several furnaces are scheduled to blow in shortly, yet certain of them are directed to the fact that they may not use Connellsville coke at all. The furnaces, as shown by The Courier, are to blow in the total production for August, seem to indicate that the Connellsville iron of the 1913 tonnage will be sold out in the first half of the year.

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**PROBLEMS NEVER TIRE.**

Coal Embargoes Scheduled for Investigation by U. S.

Hearings in the Interstate Commerce Commission's investigation of allegations that coal rods have established embargoes resulting in discrimination against shippers will begin before Commissioner Daniels at Chicago January 20, 1915.

Shippers and carriers have been invited to forward suggestions as to features to be covered, and will have the opportunity to appear.

**CHERRY VALLEY INC.**

The Cherry Valley furnace of the United Iron & Steel Company there, in Lexington, O., was blown in last week on account of the want of several months.

**SHIPMENT'S TIME CUT.**

The S. Louis & San Francisco has placed the 7,000 employees at Suisun Field, Mo., on a schedule of 44 hours a week instead of 55.

## Review of the Connellsville Coke Trade.

## Production and Output.

### THE UPPER CONNELLSVILLE AND GREENSBURG REGIONS

Continue to Ship 35,000 Tons Coke Weekly Well Distributed East and West.

The Upper Connellsville and Greensburg, Connellsville coke exports hold to an output of 35,000 tons weekly, pretty evenly divided between the eastern and western markets, though the Upper Connellsville operators

seem to be increasing their western business considerably, while the Greensburg district operators are doing more of the eastern business. Some coal miners are not doing down from these sources and the coal miners would like to do more. At present miners the coal business is more at native.

The shipments for the week ending Saturday, September 5th, were as follows:

District. Total. Total.

Upper Connellsville 20,919 17,581 21,323

Greensburg 1,063 1,063 1,131

Totals 21,982 18,642 22,454

**STATISTICAL SUMMARY.**

### Statistical Summary.

PRODUCTION. WEEK ENDING SEPT. 5, 1914. WEEK ENDING AUGUST 29, 1914.

DISTRICT	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS
Connellsville	20,820	14,041	9,150	15,130
Lower Connellsville	17,435	9,044	8,001	15,310
Totals	37,255	23,085	17,151	30,440
	20,708	17,217	20,744	25,083

PRODUCTION. WEEK ENDING SEPT. 5, 1914. WEEK ENDING AUGUST 29, 1914.	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS
PURCHASE OVENS.				
Connellsville	16,617	6,536	7,084	12,5700
Lower Connellsville	5,562	3,539	2,033	5,562
Totals	22,179	10,075	9,117	22,132
	20,708	17,217	20,744	25,083

PRODUCTION. WEEK ENDING SEPT. 5, 1914. WEEK ENDING AUGUST 29, 1914.	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS
AMERICAN OVENS.				
Connellsville	1,203	2,128	2,075	28,230
Lower Connellsville	1,583	3,625	6,058	11,581
Totals	2,786	5,653	8,133	40,811
	20,708	17,217	20,744	25,083

PRODUCTION. WEEK ENDING SEPT. 5, 1914. WEEK ENDING AUGUST 29, 1914.	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS
SHIPPMENTS.				
To Pittsburgh	2,082	2,082	2,578	2,578
To Points West of Pittsburgh	3,007	3,007	3,609	3,609
To Points East of the Region	910	910	725	725
Totals	7,200	7,200	7,102	7,102

PRODUCTION. WEEK ENDING SEPT. 5, 1914. WEEK ENDING AUGUST 29, 1914.	TONS	TONS	TONS	TONS
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## REGISTRATION IS LIGHT FIRST DAY; FEW VOTERS LISTED

Indications Point to a Small  
Vote at the November  
Election.

## MAY BE RUSH ON THE LAST DAY

Voters Who Deter Qualifying Run  
Risk of Being Disfranchised This  
Year; Problem of Tax Receipt  
Causes Annoyance to Applicants.

The registration of voters Thursday the first of the three days on which the registrars were to receive voter lists for the November election resulted in only 542 names being enrolled. This indicates the lightest vote at the November election that has been polled here in years, in spite of the fact that the state campaign this time is one of the most interesting in a decade or more.

Two days remain for voters to qualify, but those who put the matter off run the risk of being disfranchised this year. When the clock strikes 10 on the night of October 3, those voters who have not been enrolled will be barred from participation in the election. There is certain to be a rush on the last day, but no matter how many may be waiting to register, the board is not authorized to sit beyond the 10 o'clock hour.

There was but little trouble at the polling places Thursday. For a time the registrars were somewhat slow in their work, but they soon became accustomed to it and after the first arrivals had been dispersed of good time was made.

The most serious problem was that of the tax receipt. Many voters did not bring theirs along. They had to either go home or else get the tax collector to issue a duplicate receipt. It was annoying, but it was the law.

The feature of the law which required the production of naturalization papers on the part of foreign-born citizens was also annoying.

One man who called at the board after it was explained that he had lost his papers years ago, but had been voting year after year without the question being raised.

In only one ward, the Fifth, was any serious effort made to enrolling the voters by party preference. In the other wards the registrars decided the voters could do this at the spring registration.

It took some of the registrars some time to decide whether every applicant should be sworn. Most of them finally were convinced that the law required this. Some of the voters did not take kindly to the question.

It will take some years to get the voters used to the red tape that accompanies the registration, but as the system apparently works satisfactorily in other class cities, it will likely give good service here.

It is certain at this time that a great many citizens will be disappointed when they attempt to vote in November without having been registered.

The next date for registration will be August 15. The final day for qualifying will be Saturday, October 3. The registration by wards Thursday follows:

First ward.....107

Second ward.....78

Third ward.....68

Fourth ward.....73

Fifth ward.....73

Sixth ward.....69

Seventh ward.....79

Total.....542

In the Fifth ward the party enrollment showed 34 Republicans, 28

Democrats, 5 Washington party

members, 4 Prohibitionists and 1 Socialist.

## PREPARING FOR WINTER

Gas Company Begins Thorough Inspection of Its Lines.

In preparation for the winter season, the Fayette County Gas Company has a large force of men scattered throughout the county and Virginia inspecting its lines for gas stops and making all possible preparations in order to avoid any shutting off of the supply during the cold weather.

Three of these inspections are made each year, but the one immediately preceding the advent of winter is the most thorough. If the workmen discover any spot which they think may prove weak, they repair it at once. Any changes or extensions are also attended to at this time.

Particular attention is given to the lines where they pass through old coal workings, as "creaks" are most likely here.

This "sense of prevention" means much to both company and consumers in reducing the number of times the gas has to be shut off during cold weather when it is needed most.

## WEDDING ANNOUNCED.

Miss Margaret Grim of Dawson is bride of Jessie R. Snyder.

Announcement has been made of the marriage of Miss Margaret Grim, daughter of Mrs. K. Grim of Dawson, and Jessie R. Snyder of Dawson, submitted Sunday, August 20 at the parsonage of the Cochran Memorial Church at Dawson. Rev. Herbert Baum, the pastor, officiated.

The bride was assistant postmistress at Dawson for four years and is widely known as one of Dawson's young ladies. The bridegroom is a son of Mrs. Floss Snyder and is a clerk in the Florence Supply Company's store near Dawson. Mr. and Mrs. Snyder left this morning for an eastern trip.

To Enter College.

Frank Ward and Frank Showman, both members of the 1914 graduating class of the Connellsburg high school, will leave September 14 for Morgantown, where they will enroll as students in the University of West Virginia.

## SEALER OF WEIGHTS MUST ENFORCE A FEDERAL LAW

J. S. Bryner Calls Attention to Pro-  
vision Regulating Weight  
to be Published.

Another important duty which attaches to the office of Sealer and Weights J. S. Bryner is the enforcement of a new amendment to the Federal pure food law requiring that all food packages and case goods of interstate commerce must have the net weight or measure conspicuously marked on the outside of the packages delivered to purchasers. This law was enacted on March 2, 1913, but did not become effective until September 3 of this year.

The national statutes take precedence over any enacted by the individual states. The law is clear and flexible and so simple as to be readily seen and shall not be part of or obscured by any legend or design.

If the contents of the package be stated by weight or measure, it shall be marked in terms of the largest unit contained therein. For example, a pound or pounds and a fraction of a pound should be expressed in pounds and ounces, not merely in ounces. Statements of weight shall be in terms of avoirdupois pounds and ounces.

Statements of liquid measure must be in terms of United States gallons of 231 cubic inches and its subdivisions, gallons, quarts, pints and fluid ounces. Statements of dry measure shall be in terms of the United States standard bushel of 2,560.42 cubic inches and its subdivisions, bushels, half bushels, bushels, quarts, pints and half pints.

## SOMERSET WEDDINGS

Matings of Cupid Among the Frosty Sons of Thunder.

SOMERSET, Sept. 7.—Miss Louise Pike, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elliott Pike and Harry P. Sausman, son of Miss and Mrs. William Henry Sausman, both of Addison, were married at Addison by Justice of the Peace Charles Risthanger.

Miss Marian Frances Harris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick J. Harris and Ernest Walker, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Walker, both of Salisbury, were married at Salisbury by Rev. W. W. Wagner.

Miss Margaret May Shadley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Shadley of Windsor and John Shadley, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Shadley of Paint Borough, were married at Windsor by Rev. G. W. McLaughlin.

Miss Mary Viola Humbertson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Humbertson and Otto L. L. Bremerman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel D. Bremerman, both of Salisbury were married at the parsonage of the Sabudine Reformed Church by Rev. Dr. S. Moon.

Miss Florence Jeannette Galtier, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Spangler of Rockwood were married in New Castle Hill by Rev. P. J. Fugel, pastor of the New Centerville Lutheran Church.

Miss Lillian Rose Taylor, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Taylor of Rockwood, and George Brant Moore, son of Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus B. Moore of New Lexington were married at Rockwood by Rev. P. B. Fan-old, pastor of the New Centerville Lutheran Church.

According to a telegram from Rockwood at 2:50 yesterday afternoon and received in New York early today, the White Star Line Steamer "Anatolian" bearing Cardinals Gibbons and Ethelberta to Rome, was not due at Naples until October 3. The story is that neither of these two American cardinals participated in the election of the new Pope.

## ITALIAN CARDINAL, FOE OF MODERNISM, IS NAMED NEW POPE

Cardinal Della Chiesa Assumes the Name of Benedict XV.

## WAS ARCHBISHOP OF BOLOGNA

American Cardinals Gibbons and O'Connell Said to Have Missed Participation in Selection of Successor to Pius XI; New Pope Against Truce.

By Associated Press.

ROMA, Sept. 3.—Cardinal Della Chiesa has been elected Pope in succession to the late Pius XI. The new Pope will assume the name of Benedict XV.

The feature of the plebiscite was the big dinner at noon, consisting principally of chicken and roasting entrées. This year the printers were entertained by Colonel and Mrs. M. V. O'Connor, who are now occupying the old stone house Mrs. O'Connor had charge of preparing the meal. Charles M. McCormick was chairman of the refreshment committee, with M. J. O'Connor as the head of the kitchen. The new Pope was received with great ceremony at the extent of holding a bottle and roasting some corn, while his duty was to see that no one went hungry.

The election this year was delayed by the Youth Credit Co. & Storage Company, which delivered it by auto truck when connections with the early train were missed.

There were the usual number of quacks and other amanuenses, Paul T. McDonald, director of the American Legion, and state auditor of the state, and his wife, and his son, who was elected to the post of assistant to the new Pope.

There was little trouble at the polling places Thursday. For a time the registrars were somewhat slow in their work, but they soon became accustomed to it and after the first arrivals had been dispersed of good time was made.

The most serious problem was that of the tax receipt. Many voters did not bring theirs along. They had to either go home or else get the tax collector to issue a duplicate receipt. It was annoying, but it was the law.

The feature of the law which required the production of naturalization papers on the part of foreign-born citizens was also annoying.

One man who called at the board after it was explained that he had lost his papers years ago, but had been voting year after year without the question being raised.

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**PRESIDENT CALLS  
ON CONGRESS TO  
LEVY A WAR TAX**

**Urge Emergency Measure  
to Raise \$100,000,000  
a Year.**

**POINTS TO SHRINKING FUNDS**

Shows that During August the Customs Receipts Fell \$10,000,000 Below Corresponding Month of 1912; Opposed to Emergency Borrowing.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—President Wilson personally addressed Congress in joint session today urging legislation to raise \$100,000,000 a year additional revenue through internal taxes to meet a demand threatened by the European war.

The President told Congress that he discharged a duty which he wished he might have been spared, but which he performed without hesitation or apology because of danger in the present circumstances to ensure "a moment's doubt as to the strength and sufficiency of the treasury of the United States."

Congress listened attentively. Immediately upon its conclusion the legislative machinery was set in motion to carry its recommendations into effect, and President said:

"I come to you to discharge a duty which I wish with all my heart I might have been spared, but it is a duty which is very clear, and therefore, I perform it without hesitation or apology because of danger in the present circumstances to ensure a moment's doubt as to the strength and sufficiency of the treasury of the United States."

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"During the month of August there was, as compared with the corresponding month of last year, a falling off of \$10,620,538 in the revenue collected from customs. A continuation of the decrease in the same proportion through the current fiscal year would probably mean a loss of customs revenue of from sixty to one hundred millions."

"I need not tell you to what this falling off is due. It is due, in chief part, not to the reductions recently made in the customs duties, but to the great decrease in importations; and that is due to the extraordinary extent of the industrial areas affected by the present war in Europe. Conditions have arisen which no man foresaw; they affect the whole world of commerce and economic production, and they must be faced and dealt with."

"It would be very unwise to postpone dealing with this delay in such a matter, and to the particular circumstances in which we now find ourselves as a nation, might involve consequences of the most embarrassing and deplorable sort, for which I, for one, would not care to be responsible. It would be very dangerous in the present circumstances to create a moment's doubt as to the strength and sufficiency of the treasury of the United States, its inability to assist to steady, and to sustain the financial operations of the country's business, if the treasury is known, or even thought, to be weak, where will be our peace of mind? The whole industrial activity of the country would be chilled and demoralized."

"Just now the peculiarly difficult financial problems of the moment are being successfully dealt with, with great self-possession and good sense and very sound judgment; but they are only in process of being worked out. If the process of solution is to be completed no one must be given reason to doubt the solidity and adequacy of the treasury of the government which stands behind the whole method by which our difficulties are being met and handled."

"The treasury itself could go along for a considerable period, no doubt, without immediate resort to new sources of taxation. But at what cost to the business of the community? The report of the Carnegie Free Library submitted Thursday by Miss Margaret Whittemore, librarian, showed a total circulation of 3,072 for the month of August.

The branch station in the West Side will open next Tuesday afternoon and, as heretofore will be open on Tuesday and Thursday afternoons from 3:30 to 5:30 o'clock during the school term, Miss Mabel Stillwagon will be in charge. The children's story hours will not be open until the first week in November.

Miss Sarah Seaton, assistant librarian, will continue to have charge of the story hour at the Library and Miss Stillwagon will be in charge of the West Side story hour.

"The occasion is not of our own making. We had no part in making it. But it is here. It affects us undoubtedly and palpably almost as if we were participants in the circumstances which gave rise to it. We must meet it, however, with calm judgment and unflinching spirits. Men accustomed to deal with the unexpected, accustomed to take care of themselves masters of their own affairs and their own fortunes. We shall pay the bill, though we did not deliberately incur it."

"In order to meet every demand upon the treasury without delay or inadvertence and in order to keep the treasury strong, unquestionably strong, and strong throughout the present and for a long time to come, an additional revenue of \$100,000,000 will be raised through internal taxes, devised in your wisdom to meet the emergency. The only suggestion I take the liberty of making is that such sources of revenue be chosen as will begin to yield at once and yield with a certain and constant flow."

The assignment of teachers in Dunbar township has been made by Supervising Principal R. K. Smith, who announced where each teacher in the township will teach for the coming year. The schools opened on Monday and will be open to a greatly increased enrollment. During the vacation season many improvements were made to the buildings of the township and it is stated that never has a term, before opened under more auspicious circumstances.

Supervising Principal Smith and the directors of the township have been busy all summer preparing for the new term and everything is now in readiness for the opening of the county's largest township schools. The assignment of the teachers follows:

**DUNBAR TOWNSHIP  
SCHOOL TEACHERS  
ARE NOW PLACED**

**Supervising Principal R. K.  
Smith Announces As-  
signments.**

**SESSIONS WILL START MONDAY**

Indications Point to Greatly Increased Enrollment This Year; Many Im-  
provements Have Been Made to Buildings During Vacation Season.

The water company found a week ago in the table from which the wires into the bank building are distributed, and every phone in the building went out.

This happened some time through the night and Superintendent D. L. Berg of the bank building notified Superintendent R. V. Little of the Water Company that the table had been traced to the building with main. This was at 5:30 o'clock Monday morning. It was not until 10 o'clock that men were up to work to repair the break.

All of the Bell wires enter the exchange on the top floor of the Title & Trust building and it was feared that if the water continued to pour into the manhole, other cables might be affected and other phones put out of service. The street excavation to locate the break, however, was not begun until 10:30 a.m.

The water company had more trouble in the basement of the main title & Trust building, but the break in the main pipe was up to the top floor, and it was necessary to have the water turned off to the upper stories in the week. The bricks were replaced upon a wet foundation and as a result, the water leaked through the night, breaking a bad obstruction to traffic. Workmen had to break again today. What the result will be this time remains to be seen.

**BREAK IN WATER MAIN  
PUTS 26 TELEPHONES OUT**

Floods Continue Through Which Bell  
Wires Lead Into Second National  
Bank Building.

A break in the main of the Connellsville Water company somewhere between Brinkstone corner and the entrance to the Title & Trust building caused a large quantity of water to leak through into the building of the Water Company and put 26 telephones in the Second National Bank building out of service.

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**Cost More—Worth Most  
"Waverly" Oils and Gasolines**

Gasolines—Luminants—Lubricants—Wax—Specialties  
Waverly Oil Works Co., Pittsburgh

**SCHOOL BOARD UPHELD**

Justified by Court in Belmontburg  
Patron for Tuition.

SOMERSET, Sept. 5.—Judge Rappel has handed down a judgment sustaining the school directors of Millford township in their contention with the township auditors of that district concerning tuition paid for school children from Millford township enrolled in the Rockwood high schools.

George Hay, a prominent Millford township farmer, sent his children to school to Rockwood instead of their home district on account of it being more convenient for them to go to Rockwood. Hay was reimbursed in the sum of \$34.48 for their tuition by the Millford township school directors.

When the township auditors discovered this in making the annual settlement of the school board's accounts for the year 1912 they charged the tuition. The directors appealed to the court and Judge Rappel sustained their position.

**LOTS OF TOMATOES**

More Candidates for First Honors  
Come to the Front.

T. C. Kenney of Scottdale is not to land the first prize for tomatoes in the vocational contest this year, but may have anything to say about it Friday two more candidates appeared.

Harry Toly of South Connellsville brought to The Courier office a heaviest tomato measuring 16 inches in circumference. It is one of a big crop he has. He expects to gather 150 bushels of tomatoes this year. From outside come three samples from the garden of Mrs. A. A. Coristian, brought to town by Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Vannatta, who returned last week after a two weeks vacation. The largest tomato measured 15 inches, the other two being 15 inches. The three weighed four pounds and six ounces, and the largest one tipped the scales at 1.7 pounds. They were poinsettia in mature.

**MAKES FIRST REPORT**

Circulation During August 3,072; Plants are Another.

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**MUST FINISH BRIDGE**

Commissioners Fix September 30  
as Limit at Brownsville.

County Commissioners John S. Langley and Charles H. Still returned last night from Washington where they met the county commissioners of Washington county.

At the joint meeting of the county commissioners of the two counties the time for the construction of the Brownsville bridge was extended. The commissioners agreed that the bridge must be completed by the first day of September, and if it is not the penalties agreed on in the contract will be inflicted from October 1.

Another joint meeting of the commissioners of Washington and Fayette counties was held last week.

County Commissioner F. H. McFielland was absent from yesterday's meeting.

**DELAY IS REFUSED**

Cramer Must Stand Trial for Murder This Month.

SOMERSET, Sept. 5.—Judge Rappel has refused to continue the murder case in which Henry C. Cramer of Williamsburg, Trippes, about two weeks ago, shot and killed his employer, claiming that on account of exhaustion work in the higher courts recently he would be put to considerable inconvenience if that trial were to be taken up as scheduled on September 17.

Following the announcement of the court's decision, District Attorney Virgil H. Taylor, Attorney Norman T. Boose and Polk Detective Lester C. Whisner, representing the commonwealth, left for the scene of the murder with subpoenas for witnesses.

They are ready to meet the present conditions in the right way and to support the government with general assent. They know and now, and will be held responsible of those who dodge responsibility or are not frank with them.

Subscribe for The Weekly Courier.

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"I cannot close without expressing the confidence with which I approach this or any other public matter which has come up. I am a man of strong, unquestionably strong, and strong throughout the present and for a long time to come, an additional revenue of \$100,000,000 will be raised through internal taxes, devised in your wisdom to meet the emergency. The only suggestion I take the liberty of making is that such sources of revenue be chosen as will begin to yield at once and yield with a certain and constant flow."

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